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The Earnest Exportation of a Minister to his Parishioners to take Care of their Souls.

Most Dearly Beloved Neighbours,

Y Hearts defire and Prayer to God for you is, that you may be Saved; and my most fincere Endeavours shall ever be, by all Christian Methods I can think of, to promote your Salvation. And being I cannot hope, either by Dollrine, or by Reproof, or by Instruction in Righten finess, to prevail upon those, to comply with any Methods I can devise for the good of their Souls, who are not throughly sensible of the worth of them; I think it requisite, in order to make my future Labours more effectual with you, to law before you such Considerations, as may make you sensible of the inestimable Value of your Immortal Souls.

I take it for granted, that you believe you have Souls. My Bunnels is to awaken you to a ferious Concern for their everlasting Welfare; a Concern the most necessary of all others, and yet, I fear, very little laid to Heart; for otherwise, the generality of Men could not possibly live as they do: They would not imploy all their Care and Pains in providing a Maintenance for these perishing Booles, and leave the most valuable part of themselves, their Souls, altogether neglected.

Were we to die as the brute Beafts, and, that when our dead Bodies are laid in the Grave, there were an end of us; if this determined all our Hopes and Fears, and we returned to our native Duft therein to remain for ever; then might we Eat, and Drink, and take our fill of Pleafure in this World, as too many do: But if the Soul, when it leaves the Body, does immediately enter into a state of Happiness, or Misery; if there be a Refurrection both of the Just and the Unjust, as most certainly there is; if a future Account must be given of every thing done in the Body. Whether it be Good, or whether it be Evil; and if our eternal State shall be appointed us, either in Bliss or Torment, according as we have behaved our selves in this Life, as undoubtedly it shall: methinks it behaves every one of us to look well about us, to enquire feridally what we have been doing all this while; whither the Path we are in leads us, and what will our future State be.

In order to perswade you to apply your thoughts to these unost important Considerations, I know no Method which (through God's Bleffing) seemeth more likely, than to lay before you the inestimable Value of your Souls; the infinite Concern you have in their Welfare; how liable they are to be lost and undone for ever; what excellent Provision our most Gracious God hath made for their Security; and how just it will be in him to condemn them to the extremity of Misery, if you wilfully neglect the Care of them.

First, Therefore, I intreat you to consider the great World and Value of the Soul. Remember, that it is the immediate Off-spring of God; that

it came from Heaven, from the Father of Spirits; God breathed into Man the Breath of Life, and Man became a living Soul, Gen. 2.7. God made Man in his own Image, (not according to the Likeness of any of the rest of the Creatures) a little lower than the Angels, and crowned him with Glory and Immortativy. This is our peculiar Privilege, beyond all the Beings of this lower World, that we resemble our Maker, who is the most excellent Being. This is the Prerogative of that Spiritual and Immortal part of us, our Soul; and consequently the Soul of Man must needs be exceeding Precious & Valuable.

Our Bodies are Houses of Clay, whose Foundations are in the Dust; and though, as the Psalmist saith, they are emisusly prought and fashioned, yet all the Workmanship bestowed on them, is, that they may be serviceable to our Souls, sit Tabernacles for that Immortal part to dwell in. The Worth whereof will farther appear from that wonderful Esteem those have of it, who may be supposed to be best acquainted with the true Value of Souls.

Thus God the Father takes great Delight in being called, and esteemed, a Lover of Souls; and accordingly hath laid out his Thoughts from everlasting for the bringing in of them to himself. The Councils and Contrivances of Heaven have been spent on them. The Father thought nothing too dear to secure and save them; and therefore when he foresaw we should not continue in that state of Innocence, and Happiness, wherein we were at first created, he contrived to make us capable of another Happiness, and that at no less Expence than the Blood of his own Beloved Son. And certainly God would not have thus concerned himself

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about Trifles, no afforedly, our Souls are exceeding Precious in his Eyes, who hath prepared the greatest Happiness for them, and thought no-

thing too much to fecure it.

Again. When the Son of God undertook to refcue them from the Slavery of Sin, and Dominion of the Devil, he thought it fufficiently worth his while to descend from Heaven, and put on the Form of a Servant, and make bimfelf of no Reputation, to live a miserable Life, and die a painful and an accurled Death. And furely he had not fo mean an Efteem of his Father's Bosom, and his own heavenly Glory, as to part with them for Trifles: And then certainly neither can you think your Souls of little worth, when the Son of God thought them worth his dying for. He would not have thought fit to pay fo vaft a Ranform, as his precious Life, for a thing of small Value ; yea, Himself hath affored us, beyond all contradiction, that the Gain of the whole World is not a fufficient Recompence for the Lofs of one fingle Soul.

Again. The Holy Ghost is still industriously labouring to promote the Salvation of our Souls: For their sakes it is that He hath made so many Revelations of God's Will to the World, and confirmed them by so many Miracles: Therefore He still follows us with his preventing and assisting Graces; He inspires us with good Thoughts, and kindles pious Desires in us; He warmeth our cold Affections, and enslameth our Hearts with Devotion; He checks and restrains us from Sin, and upbraids us when we commit it; He still importuneth, woeth and intreateth, that, if possible, he may awaken us into a Sense of our danger, and excite

excite and quicken us to purfue the Methods of our own Safety and Happinels. What then are not our Souls worth, which are worth all those Pains the Blessed Spirit takes to save and make

them happy?

The Good Angels are Ministring Spirits for the good of Souls; they pitch their Tents about them, and think it no Disparagement to gnard them, and converse with them: They still wait to receive the Souls of good Men, when they depart out of the Body: They rejoice at the Conversion of Souls; a certain Sign that they have an entire Value for them.

Yea, the Devils themselves do know that nothing is so valuable in the Account of Heaven, as the Souls of Men; and therefore, as the greatest Instance of Spite and Malice they can do to God, they make it their utmost endeavour to seduce and destroy them: They envy the Happiness Men are capable of, and accordingly labour in their Destruction, and triumph when they have accomplished it.

Thus you fee the Soul is of the greatest Value. How much then does it behove you to take Care of it? What Madness is it to suffer the Body to engross all your Care and Thoughts, your Labour and Time, and to permit that precious and immortal part of you, your Soul, to be over-looked as a thing not worthy any serious notice or re-

gard? Especially if you will consider,

Secondly, That the Loss of the Soul is the most intolerable of all other Losses. For indeed the Soul may be lost; not that it shall cease to be, (it were well for wicked Men if it should) but it may

be undone and miferable, and in that sense lost to all Eternity.—Deprived it may be of that Heaven of Happiness which God hath provided for it; of the Enjoyment of him in whose Presence is submess of Jay, and at whose Right-hand there are Pleasures, for ever more. Nor is this all; the Soul is not only capable of being deprived of infinite Bliss, but of being plunged too in the extremity of Despair and Misery; it is liable to be given over to the violence and sury of Devils, and Devilish Spirits; to be committed to the hateful Society of those miserable Beings, where Wrath and Envy, Malice and Ill-nature, only are to be found; where no Joy, no Peace, no Love, ever enter.

The Milery of which dreadful State, the Holy Spirit hath represented by Expressions denoting the greatest Horrour and Torment; by a Lake of Five and Brimstone, everlasting Flame, a never-

dying Worm, unquenchable Fire, &c.

This is the difinal State the Souls and Bodies of the wicked will be condemned unto for ever; wherein they must suffer Day and Night, without rest or intermission. O dreadful State! with this addition to the Extremity of Torments, that they will never have an end! Some Comfort it might be to those miserable Souls had they hopes of any Deliverance; but it must needs exceedingly imbitter every Torment to ahem, to think of that never-ending Duration of Torment to come; that, after they are consumed Millions of Millions of Ages in Hell, they have still an eternal Hell behind, and are as far distant from the end of their Miseries, as they were when they first

first begun. This must needs pluage the wret-

ched Soul into extreme Desperation.

This State we are liable to be betrayed unto, we are in great danger of it, and how we came to be fo, is what I intreat you in the next Place to consider, and to behave your selves accordingly.

Thirdly, Consider the great danger your Souls are in, by reason of Sin. "God created the " firft Man Adam without Sin , and indued his " Soul with the full knowledge of his Duty; and with fuch a Strength, that he might, if he would, perform all that was required of him. " Having thus created him, he makes a Covenant " or Agreement with him to this purpose; that " if he continued in obedience to God without committing Sin ; then, first, that strength of " Soul, which he then had, should still be conti-" nued to him; and fecondly, that he fhould ne-" ver die, but continue in a State of Happinels u for ever. But on the other fide, if he commit-44 ted Sin and disobeyed God, then both he and at all his Children after thim thould lofe that Knowledge and that perfect Strength, which " enabled him to do all that God required of him: " And fecondly, fould be subject to Death, and a not only fo, but to Eternal Damnation in Hell. "This was the Agreement made with Adam,

"This was the Agreement made with Adam,
"and all Mankind in him (which we usually call
the First Covenant) upon which God gave Adam
a particular Commandment, which was no more
but this; that he should not eat of one only Tree
of that Garden wherein he had placed him.
But he, by the perswasion of the Devil, eats of
that Tree, disobeys God, and so brings that

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"first Curse upon himself and all his Posterity and
"so by that one Sin of his, he lost both the full
"knowledge of his Duty, and the power of per"forming it. And we being born after his Image,
did so likewise; and so are become both igno"rant in discerning what we ought to do, and
weak and unable to the doing of it, having a
backwardness to all good, and an aptness and
readiness to all Evil; like a sick Stomach, which
loaths all wholesom Food, and longs after such

" Trafh as may nourish the Disease.

This is the Source and Original of all our Mifery. The Confequence hereof is, that we are now exposed to an infinite Number of Temptations from the World, the Devil, and our own corrupt Nature; that we are ready and inclined to hearken to them, and fin against our Maker; and thereby are in continual danger of being betrayed to that miserable State before described. And this, I hope, may be sufficient at present to assure you, that your Souls are in Danger. And yet that you may not neglect them as past hopes, but may be encouraged to set your selves in good earnest to take care of them. Consider,

Fourthly, What an excellent provision it bath pleased God, in his wonderful Atercy, to make in order to rescue and deliver them from these dangers; and what is required of as in compliance with this great Mercy. This God hath done by giving us his Son, and in him making a new Covenant with us, after we had broken the first.

"He has given as bis Son, as the great Captain" of our Salvation, to Redeem and Rescue us from the Power and Dominion of Setan, that great "Rebel

" Rebel against God; from whom the Devil he-" ving caused us to Revolt, be carries captive at " his Will, casing them to fight against their " Maker, as many as he can detain in his Servi-"tude : But God, I fay, has given ni hir Son to

" Rescue and Recover us out of such a fearful

"State of Sin, Rebellion, and Mifery.

"And this he has done by making in him a " New Covenant with us, after we had broken "the First, that is, by proposing the most " gracious Terms of Reconciliation, through him our great Mediator and Redeemer; And, 44 by making Satisfaction, as for our Breach of the "first Covenant, so for the Sins of all those who " truly repent of their Transgressions under the " Second.

" This fecond Covenant was made with Adam, 44 and us in him, presently after his fall, and is " breifly contained in these Words, Gen. 3.15. " where God declares, that The Seed of the Wo-" man should break the Serpents head; and this was " made up, as the first was, of some Mercies to " be afforded by God, and some duties to be per-" formed by us.

"God herein promises to fend on Earth, his " only Son, who is God equal with himfelf, to become Man like unto us in all things; Sin " only excepted, and he to do for us these seve-

" ral things.

" 1. To make known to us the whole will of " his father in the performance whereof we shall "he fore to be accepted and rewarded by him. "And this was one part of his bulinels, which he " performed in those many Sermons, Doctrines and " Precepts "Precepts we find fet down in the Gospel. And herein he is our Prophet, it being the work of a Prophet of old not only to foretel, but to teach. Our duty in this particular is to hearkmen diligently to him, to be most ready and desirous to learn that Will of God which he

"came from Heaven to reveal to us. "2. The second thing he was to do for us, was " to fatisfie God for our Sins, not only that one " of Adam, but all the Sins of Mankind that tru-"ty repent and amend, and by this means to ob-" tain for us forgiveness of Sins, the favour of "God, and to redeem us from Hell and Eternal "Damnation, which was the punishment due to our Sin. All this he did for us by his Death : " He offered up himself a Sacrifice for the Sins " of all those who heartily bewail and forsake them. And in this he is our Prieft, it being " the Prieft's office to offer Sacrifice for the fins " of the People. Our duty in this particular is " first, truly and heartily to repent us of, and to forfake our fins, without which they will never "be forgiven us, though Christ have died. Se-" condly, Steadfastly to believe, that if we do fo we shall have the benefits of that Sacrifice of fi his; that all our fins, how many and great foever, 4 shall be forgiven us, and we faved from those 46 Eternal Panishments which were due unto us " for them. Another part of the Prieft's office " was Bleffing and Praying for the People ; and " this also Christ performs for us. It was his spe-44 cial Commission from his Father to Bless us, as 45 St. Perer tells us, Alts 3. 26. God fent bis Son 4 Jesim to bless you; and the following Words u hew

" fnew wherein that Bleffing confifts, in turning 4-" may every one of you from your Iniquity : Those " means which he hath used for the turning us " from our fins, are to be reckoned of all other, " the greatest Bleslings ; and for the other part, " that of Praying, that he not only performed on "Earth, but continues still to do it in Heaven, " He fits on the right band of God and makes request " for m. Rom. 8.34. Our duty herein is, not to " relift this unspeakable Bleffing of his, but to be " willing to be thus bleft in the being turned from "our fins, and not to make void and fruitless all "his Prayers and Intercessions for us, which will " never prevail for us, whilst we continue in them. "3. The third thing that Christ was to do for " us, was to enable us, or to give us ffrength to do " what God requires of us. This he doth, First, " By taking off from the hardness of the Law " given to Adam, which was never to commit "the least fin, upon the pain of Dampation, and "requiring of us only an honest and hearty en-" deavour to do what we are able, and where we " fail, accepting of fincere Repentance. Second-"Iy, By fending his Holy Spirit into our Hearts to govern and rule us, to give us strength to "overcome Temptations to Sin, and to do all "that he now under the Gospel requires of us. "And in this he is our King, it being the office of " a King to Govern and Rule, and to fubdue our " Enemies. Our duty in this particular is to " give up our selves obedient Subjects of his; to " be governed and ruled by him, to obey all his Laws, not to take part with any Rebel, that is,

" not to cherish any one sin, but diligently to pray

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for his Grace to enable us to subdue all, and then carefully to make use of it to that pur-

pofe.

Lastly, He has purchased for all that faither fully obey him, an eternal glorious Inheritance, the Kingdom of Heaven, whither he is gone bestfore to take possessing careful that we surfeit not to our parts in it; which we shall certainly do, if we continue impenitent in any sin. Secondly, Not to fasten our Affections on this World, but to raise them according to the precept of the Apostle, Col. 3.2. Set your Affections on things above and not on things on the Earth, continually longing to come to the possessing in the possessing to the precept of the things on the Earth, continually longing to come to the possessing of that blessed in things bere below should seem vike and mean to us.

"This is the fum of that second Covenant we " are now under, wherein you fee what Christ " hath done, how he executes those three great "Offices of King, Priest and Prophet; as also " what is required of us, without our faithful " performance of which, all that he bath done " shall never frand us in any stead; for he will " pever be a Prieft to fave any, who take him not " as well for their Prophet to teach, and their " King to rule them; nay if we neglect our part of this Covenant, our condition will be yet " worse then if it had never been made; for we 44 shall be to answer not for the breach of Law only, as in the first, but for the abuse of Meret cy, which is of all fins the most provoking. On the other lide, if we faithfully perform it, that

"is, fet our felves heartily to the obeying of eve"ry Precept of Christ; not going on wilfully in
"any one sin, but bewailing and forfaking what
"ever we have formerly been guilty of, it is then
"most certain that all the forementioned Benefits

" of Christ belong to us.

"And now you fee how little reason you have to cast off the care of your Souls, upon acon-" ceit they are paft cure; for that it is plain they "are not; hay certainly they are in that very "condition, which of all others makes them fit-" teft for our care. If they had not been thus Re-" deemed by Chrift, they had been then fo hope-" lefs, that care would have been in vain : On " the other fide, if his Redemption had been fuch "that all Men should be faved by ir, though they " live as they lift, we should have thought it needless to take care for 'them, because they were " fafe without it. But it hath pleafed God fo to " order it, that our care must be the means, by " which they must receive the good even of all "that Christ hath done for them,

And now, if you will but lay these things to Heart, your Reason and your Interest will both direct you how to behave your selves; methinks I hear some of you, as Men deeply affected with the sense of these things, with a serious and compassionate regard to their Souls, crying out with St. Peter's heaters, Men and Breibren, what most we do to be savid? I would to God, that every Man would make this application to himself; and if they do not, it is too certain a sign, that either they believe that they have no immortal Souls, or that it is impessible they should for ever miscarry. Give

Give me leave a little to reason the case with you, my dear Neighbours, to perswade you to take care of your Souls. Are they made after the image and fimilitude of God? Why then will ye fuffer them to be conformable to the image of Satan? Has God provided a Heaven of Happiness for them? Why will ye be so cruel and unjust to them as to expose them to the intolerable Flames of Hell? Since God the Father hath rated them at the highest value, and expressed his chief concern for them: Why will ye neglect and undervalue them as things of no price? fince God the Son thought not his own Blood too great a price for them, Why do ye chuse to sell them for the trifling Vanities of this World? fince the Holy Ghoft is continually labouring to preferve them, Whence comes it to pass that ye hardly think them worthy the flenderest part of your care? fince the bleffed Angels are imployed in ministring unto them: Why do ye defeat all their endeavours for your good? fince they rejoice at the Conversion of Souls; Why will ye refuse to afford them this matter of rejoicing, where the greatest advantage will be your own? Wherefore do you feek to gratifie our common Adversary the Devil so far, as to permit him to disappoint the gracious purposes of God towards us? Oh that Men can be so senseless as to see their Souls perishing before their Eyes, without Remorfe or Compaftion! that they can pals day after day without making any offer or attempt to recover them.

Consider you have not only the sin of your first Parents to be forgiven you, but also innumerable actual sins of your one and those prehaps com-

mitted

mitted against the light of your own Consciences, against the express command of God, against the dictates of the Holy Spirit, against frequent Warnings and Admonitions from others and contrary to many repeated Vows and Resolutions. These are aggravations sufficient to fink a Soul' into the Bottomless Pit; and yet ftill there is hope, there is a remedy even for such Sinners, if they repent and return from their Sins, and become fincerely obedient to the Laws of God, and accept the Lord Jefm as their King, their Prieft, and their Prophet, God will for his fake accept them. Remamber that ye were not redeemed with corruptible things as Silver and Gold but with the precious Blood of Christ, as of a Lamb without Blemish, and without Spor, 1 Pet. 1.18,19. This was the ranfom of Souls which God required; and if you reject this he will accept no other, and you do reject it (and God fo interprets it) if you do not accept him upon his own terms; if you do not give up your felves unto Christ, to be guided and governed, aswell as faved by him; otherwise you renounce all your part and interest in his Blood, and do as it were, declare you will not be beholding to him : And then furely you cannot complain that God is upmerciful, if he take the Forfeiture, and condemn those who would not be saved by him. The Promifes and Threatnings of the Gospel, and all other the Methods which God hath used to reform and reclaim Sinners, are all Instances of his great goodness to us, of his zeal and concern for our Happines; and if we still continue to reject and fer them at nought, how just, as well, as fevere will be our Condemnation. Has he taken all imaginable

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ginable care to oblige you to be kind to your felves, and faithful to your trueft interest, and will ye faill for take your own Mercies? If you thus wilfully seek your own ruin, how righteous will it be in God to plague you to the utmost extremity.

Let me therefore befeech you, even by all that is Sacred and Serious, by every thing that is dear and precious to you, by your best hopes, and the most important concern of your everlasting Fate, to take pity upon yout poor Souls, to consider the dangers whereto they are exposed, to consult and comply with the means of their Preservation.

Learn I pray you to affect your Hearts with a ferious fence of your danger, to repent earneftly of your past fins, fincerely resolve to be more Holy, Watchful and Circumspect for the time to come; pray earnestly for the Graces of God's Holy Spirit; cherith in your Souls alively Faith in the Mercies of God through Christ; and in all respects, as God shall enable you, and you shall be bereafter from time to time instructed, let your Prayers and your Endeavours be that you may be wife unto Salvation. And that you may abound in all spiricual Wistom and Understanding, and may be accepted as faithful Servants of God and our Lord Jesus Christ in the great day of Accounts, as it is the earnest Prayer, so it shall be the conftant endeavour of

Your affectionate Servant in Christ Jefiu.

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September 19 March 1981

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